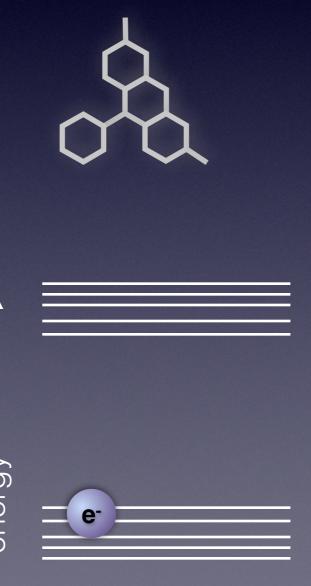
## Fluorescent Proteins

**Nathan Shaner** 

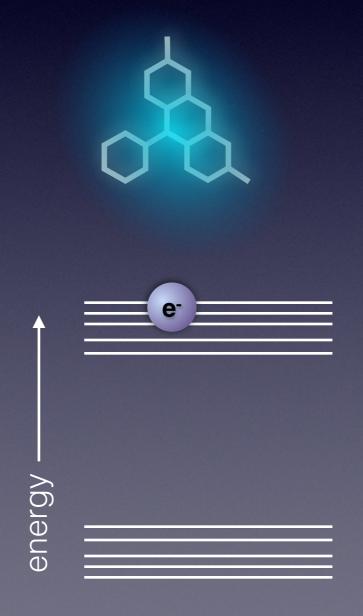


Planar molecules

Planar molecules
Extended π-orbital system
("conjugated")

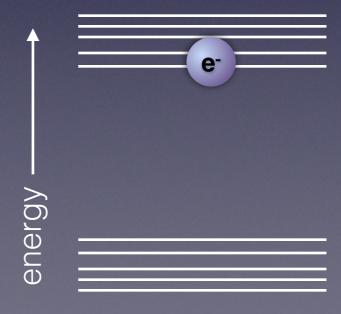


**Excitation** 



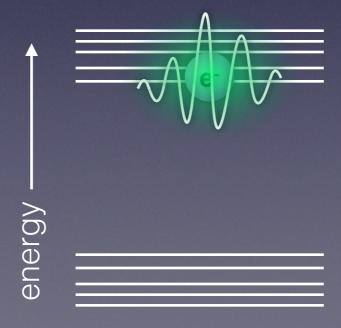
Relaxation





**Emission** 

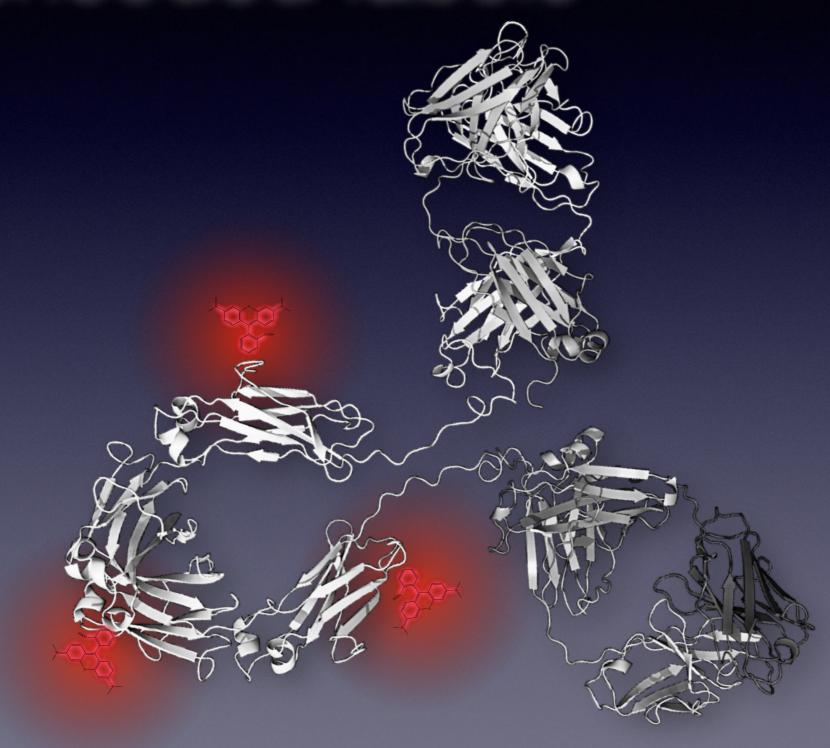


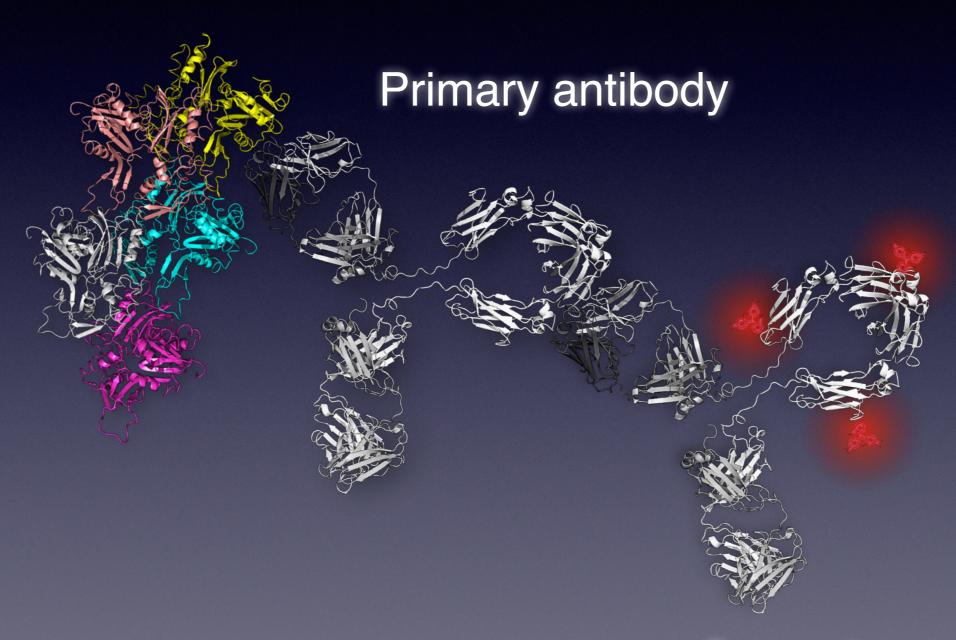


A few small-molecule dyes can be used directly for labeling, e.g. DAPI

Most of the time, you need an antibody against your protein of interest!

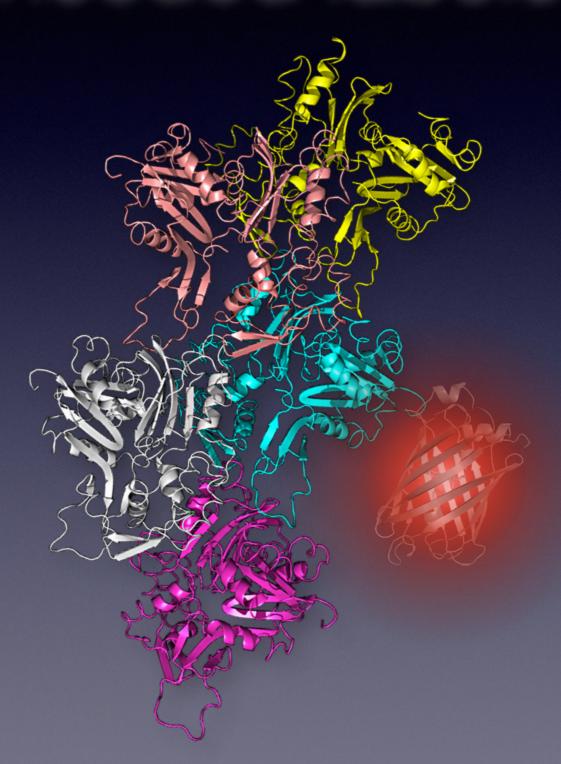






Mostly for fixed cells!

Secondary antibody

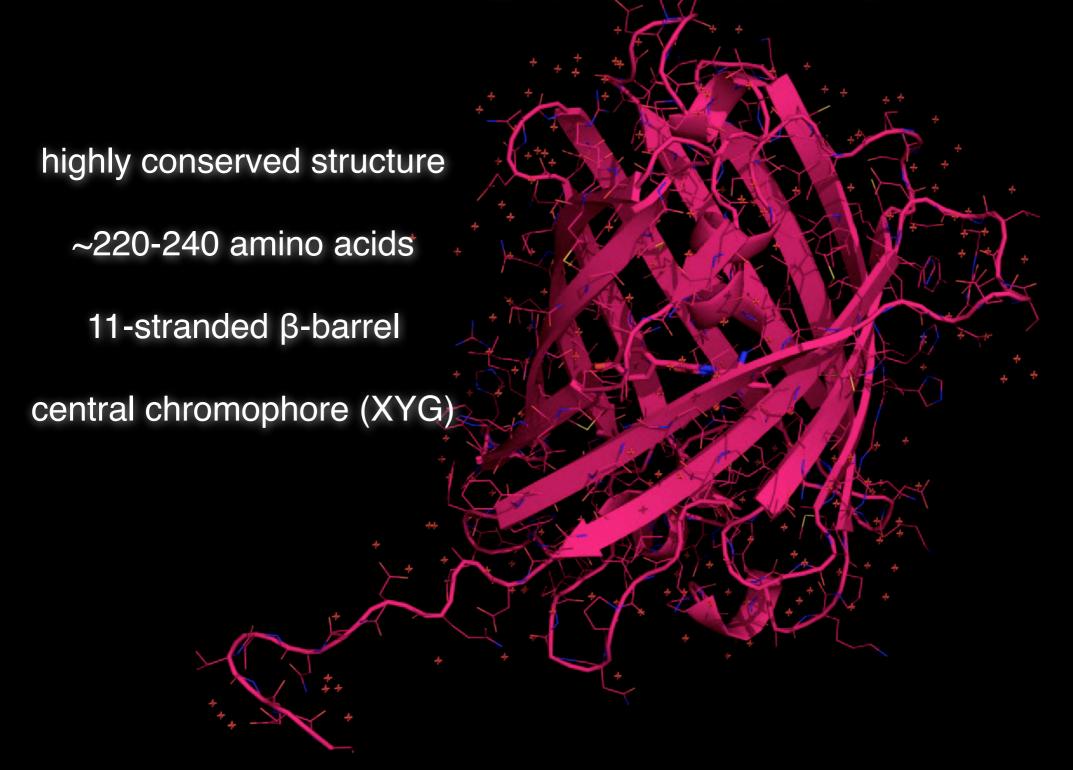


Live cells

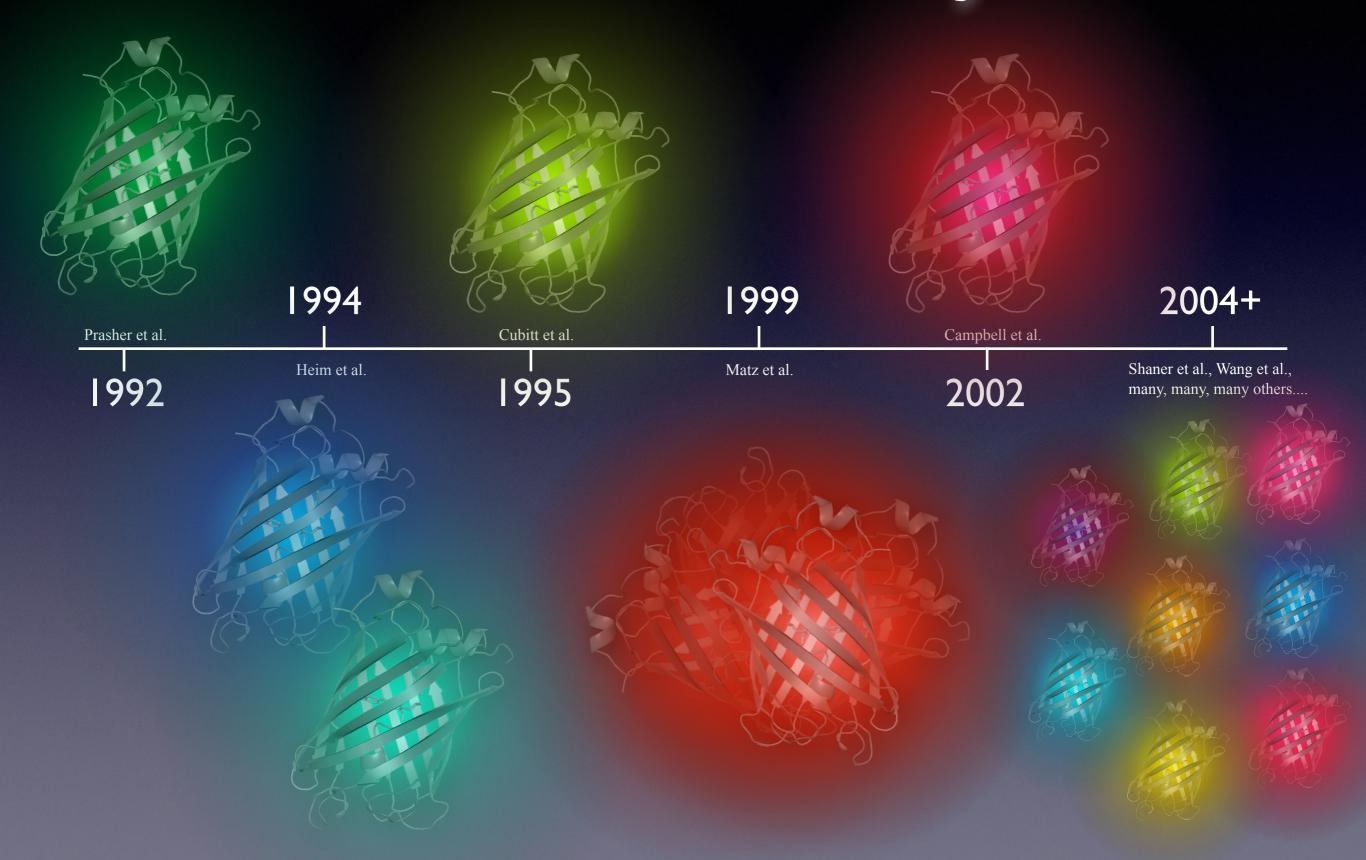
#### Fluorescent Proteins

Incredibly diverse genetically encodable dyes

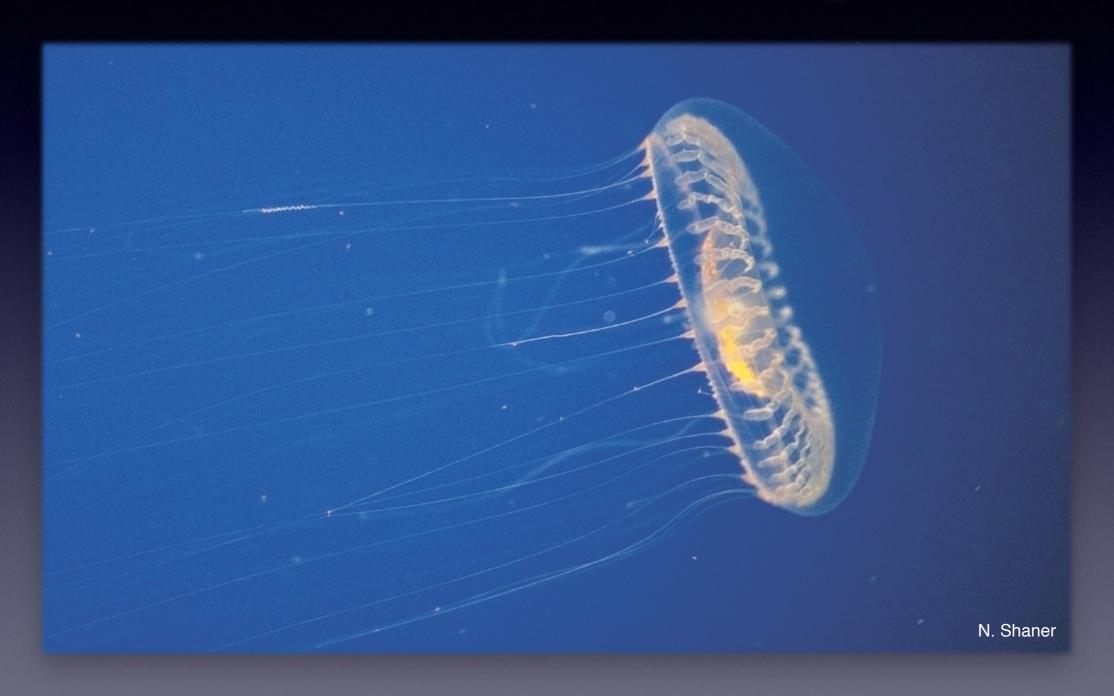
Structure



## A little history



## A little history

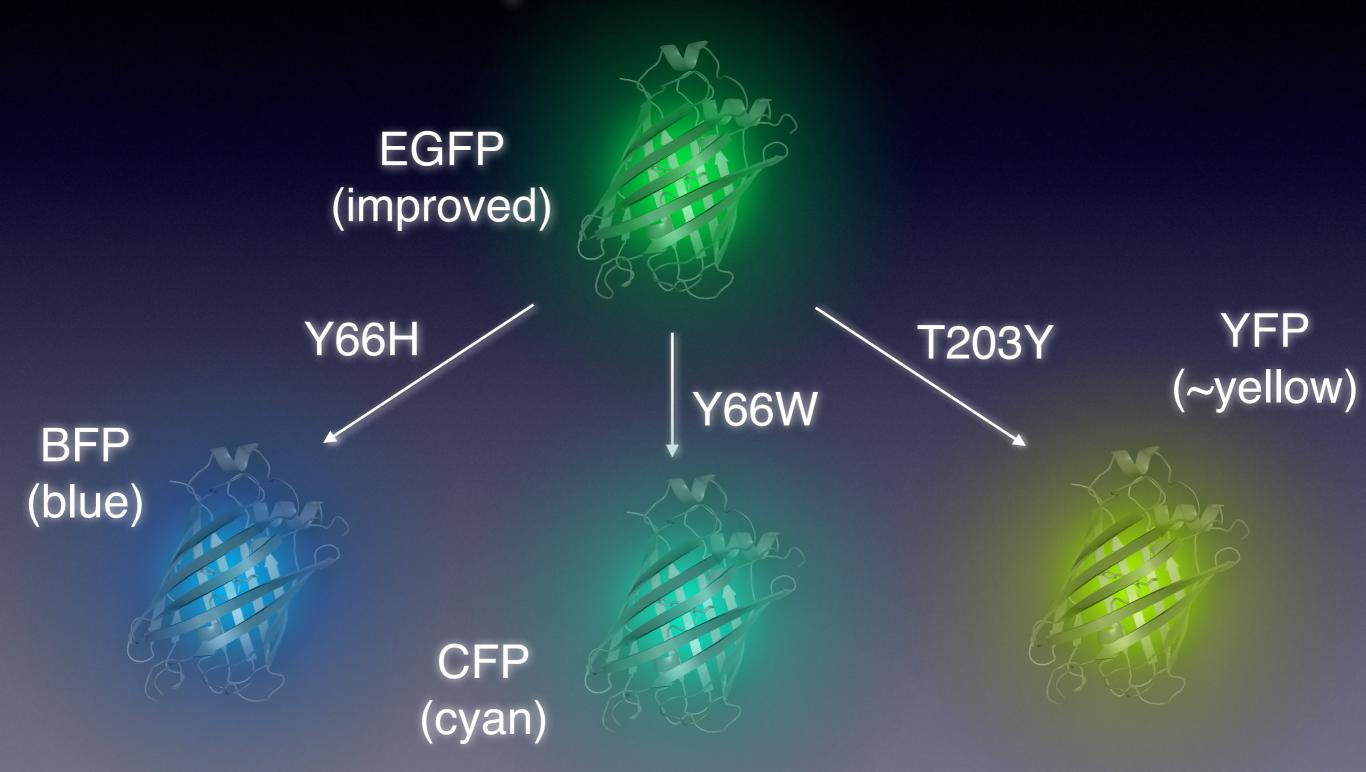


Aequorea victoria

## Aequorea GFP

GFP (green)

## Aequorea GFP

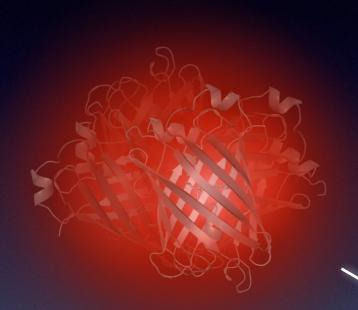


#### Discosoma RFP



Discosoma sp.

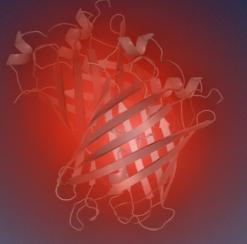
#### Discosoma RFP



DsRed.T1 tetramer

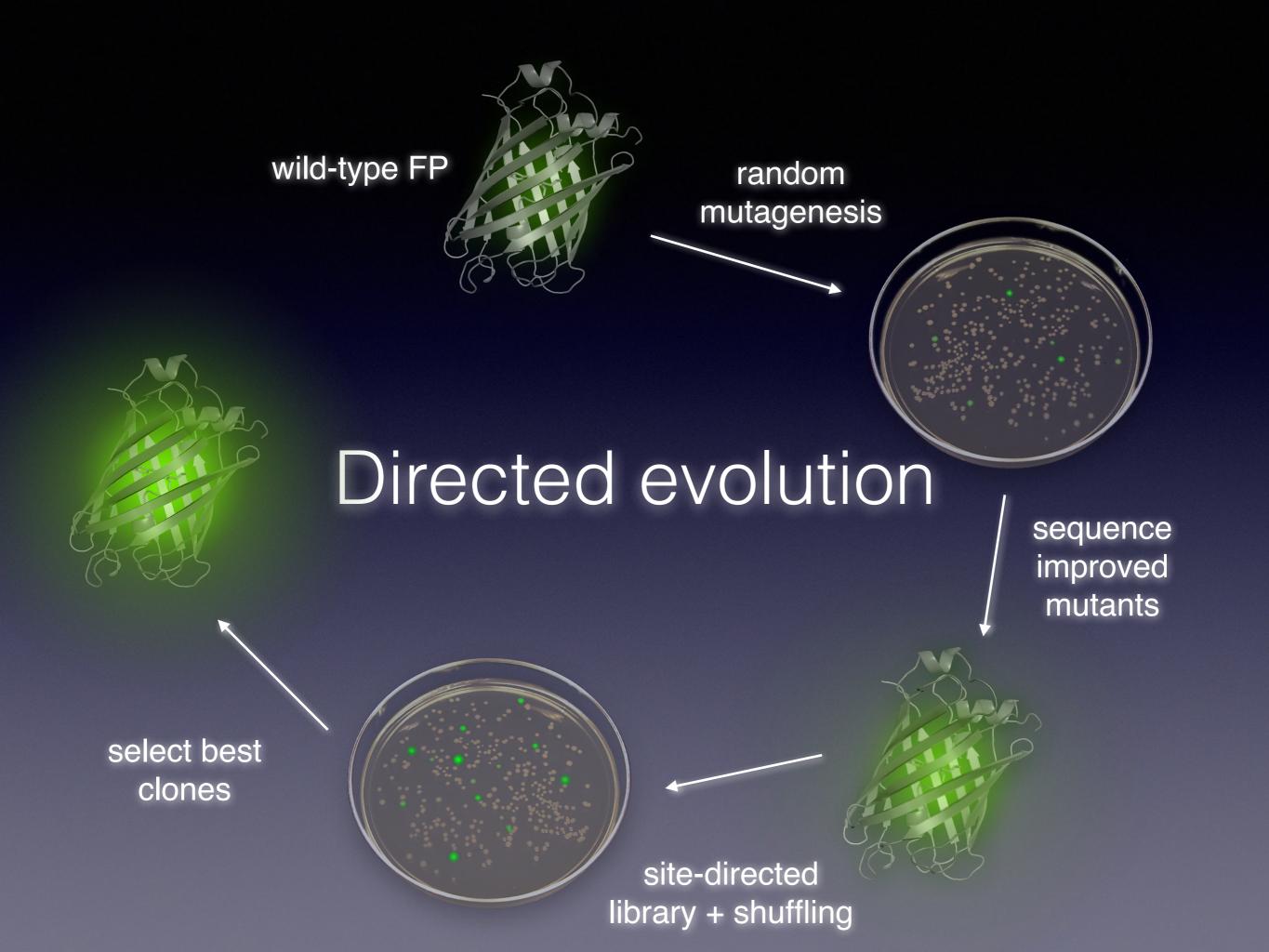
dimer2 (17 mutations)

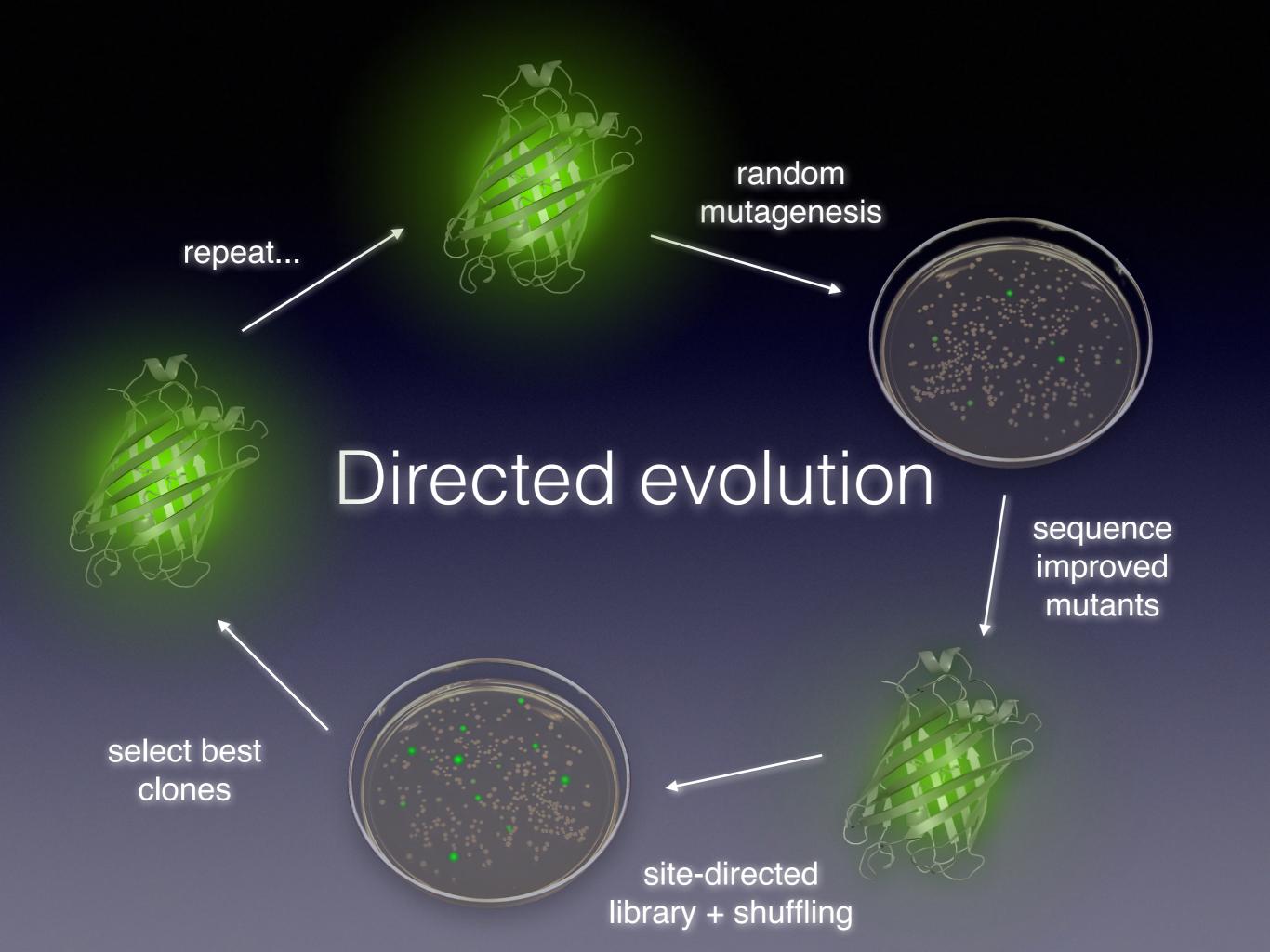
Break A/B interface
Rescue fluorescence



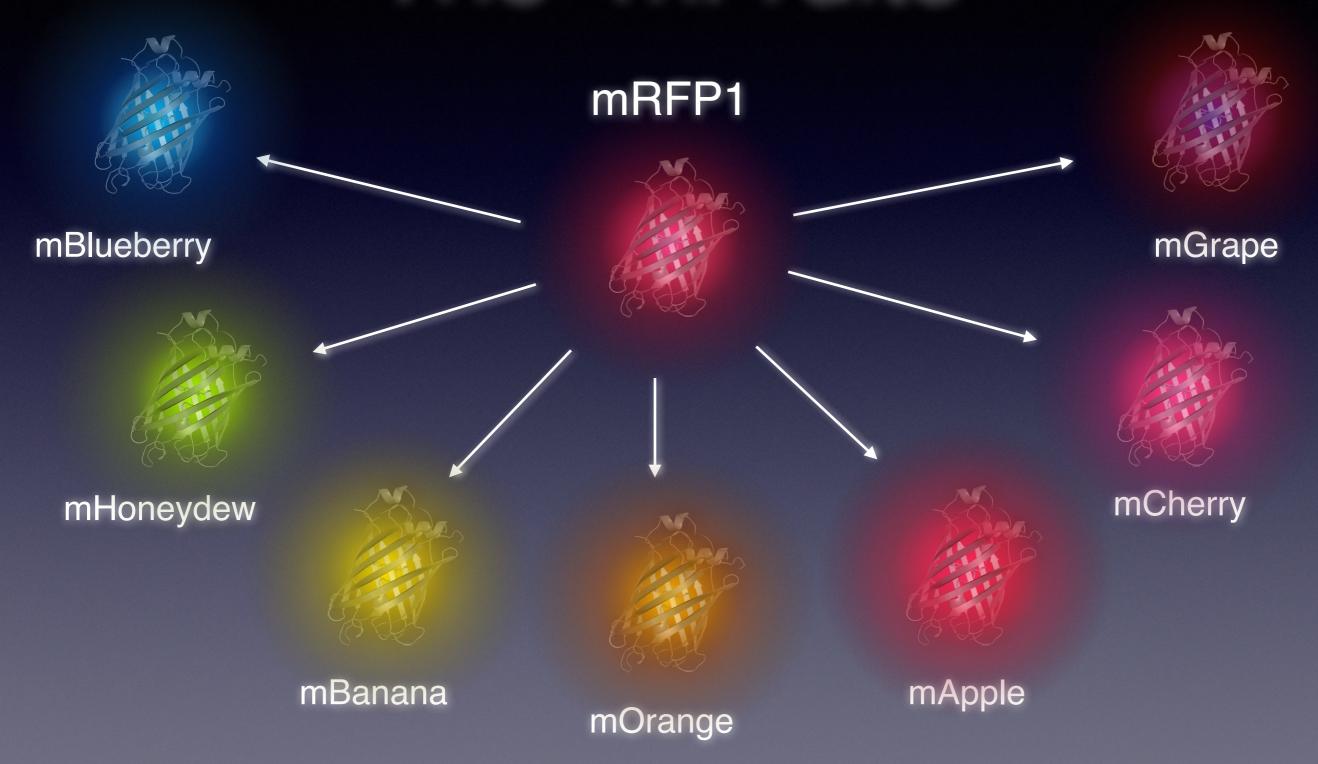
Break A/C interface Rescue fluorescence

mRFP1 (33 mutations)





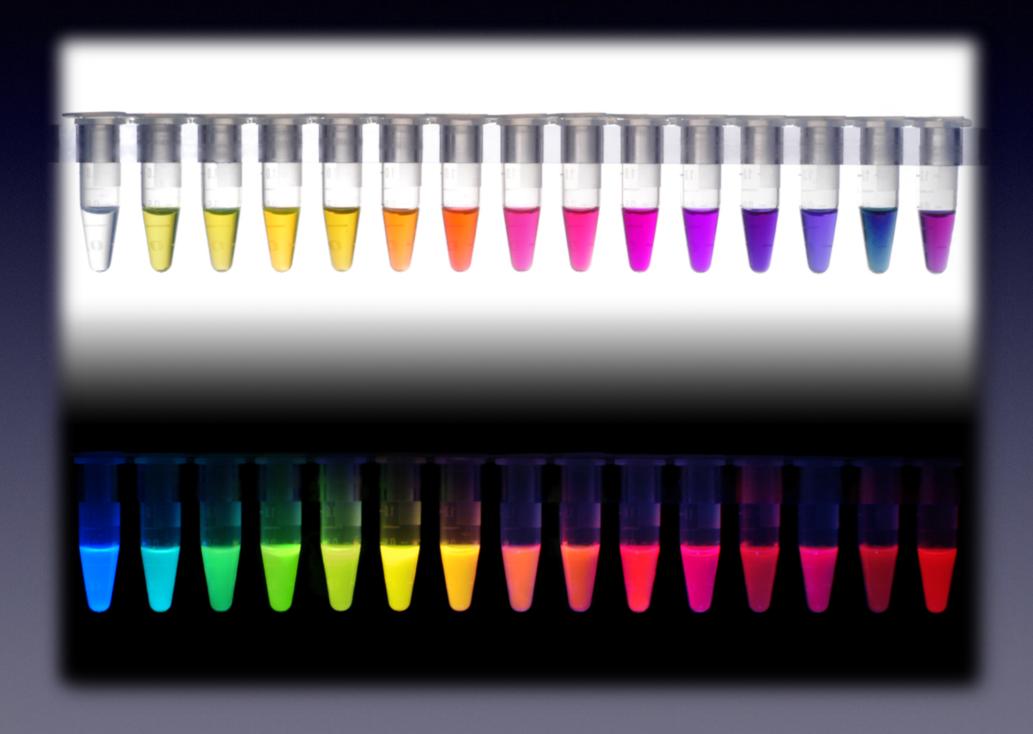
#### The "mFruits"



### 20 years ago



## 10 years ago



mNeonGreen

mKeima

mCitrine/ mVenus



mRuby2

mNeptune

"Regular" FPs

mKate2

EBFP2



many, many, many other good FPs

mTurquoise2

mEmerald + sfGFP, etc.

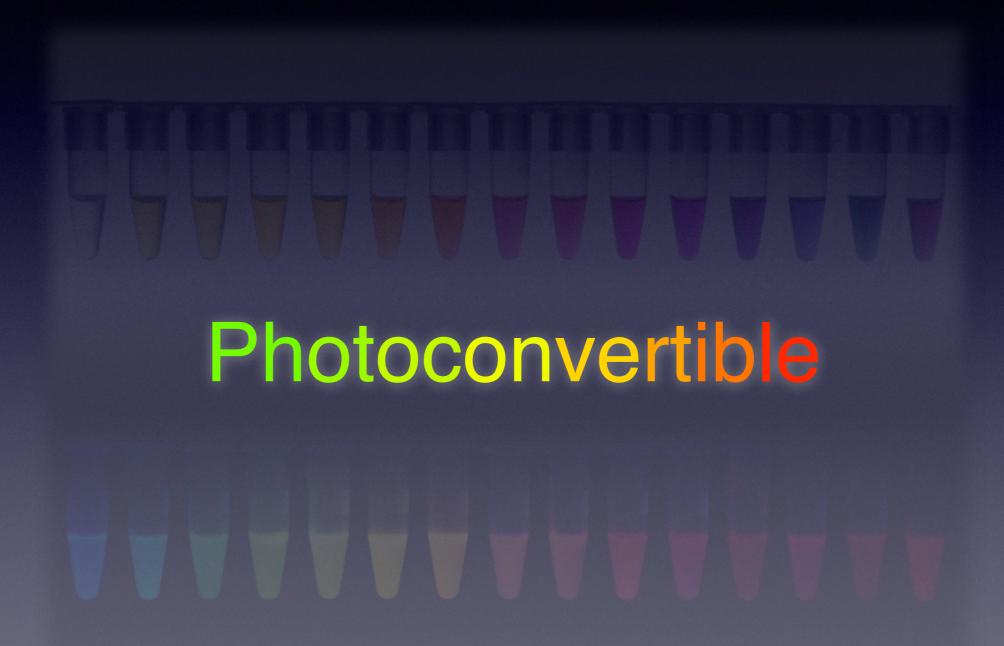
mOrange2 mKO variants
LSSmOrange



Photoactivatable



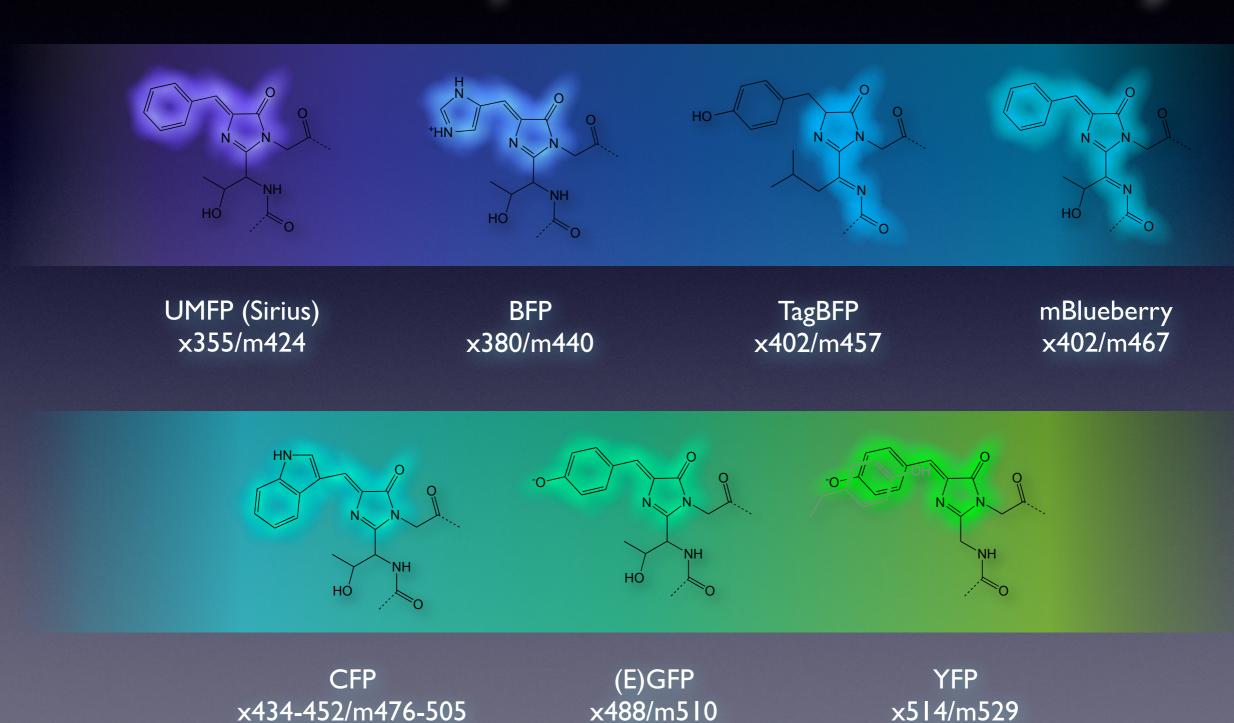
Photoswitchable



## Don't forget to upgrade!

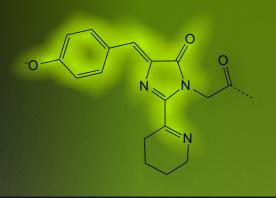


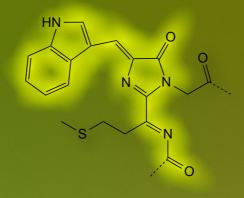
## Chromophore diversity

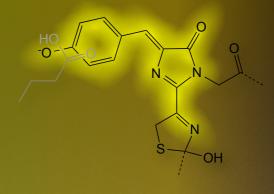


Tsien (1998); Tomosugi et al (2009); Ai et al (2007)

## Chromophore diversity



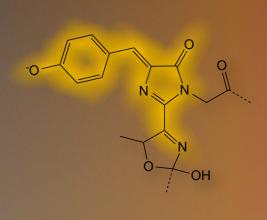


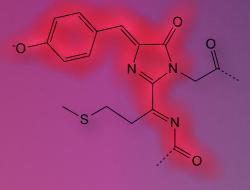


zFP538 x525/m538

mHoneydew x480-504/m537-562

mBanana x540/m553





mOrange x548/m562

LanRFP x520/m600

mCherry x587/m610

## Chromophore diversity



Kaede (pre-conversion) x508/m518

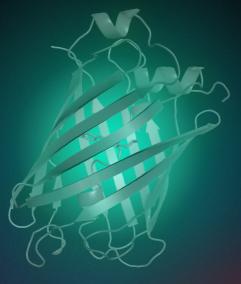
Kaede (post-conversion) x572/m582

PSmOrange (pre-conversion) x548/m565

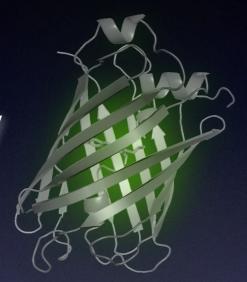
PSmOrange (post-conversion) x634/m662

## What's important?

Brightness



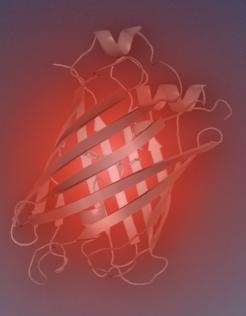
Photostability



Wavelength

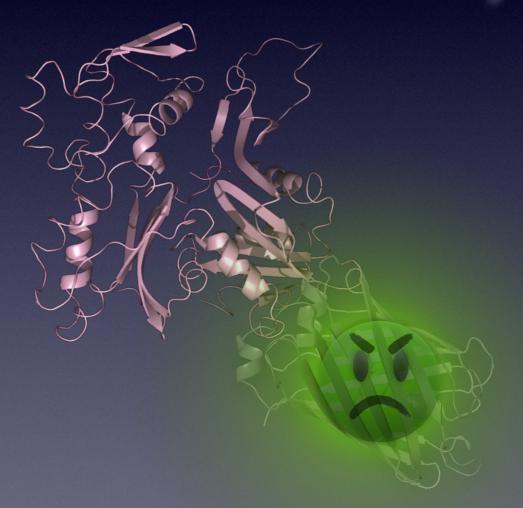


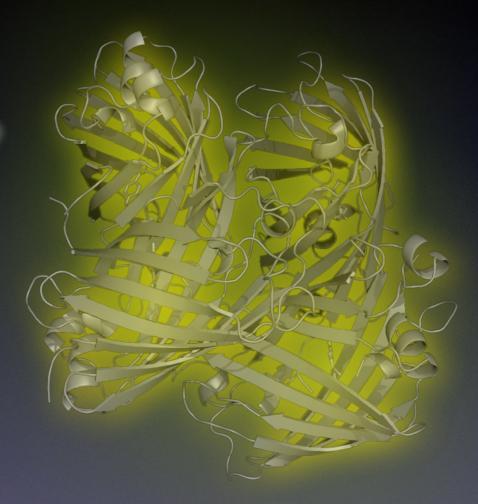
Switching/conversion kinetics



#### Fluorescent Proteins

Is it really a monomer?





LanYFP crystal structure \*

Is it well-behaved?

# What is "brightness"?

Brightness ~ Extinction Coefficient x Quantum Yield

## What is "brightness"?

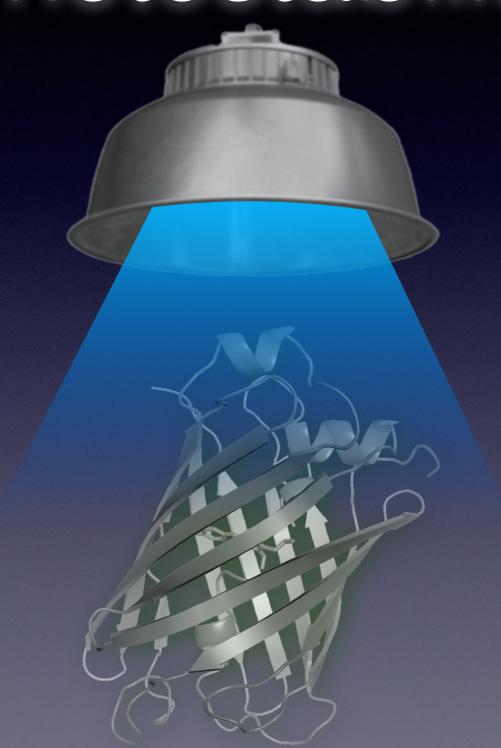
Extinction coefficient – how well does it absorb?

## What is "brightness"?

Quantum yield – what fraction of excitations leads to emission?

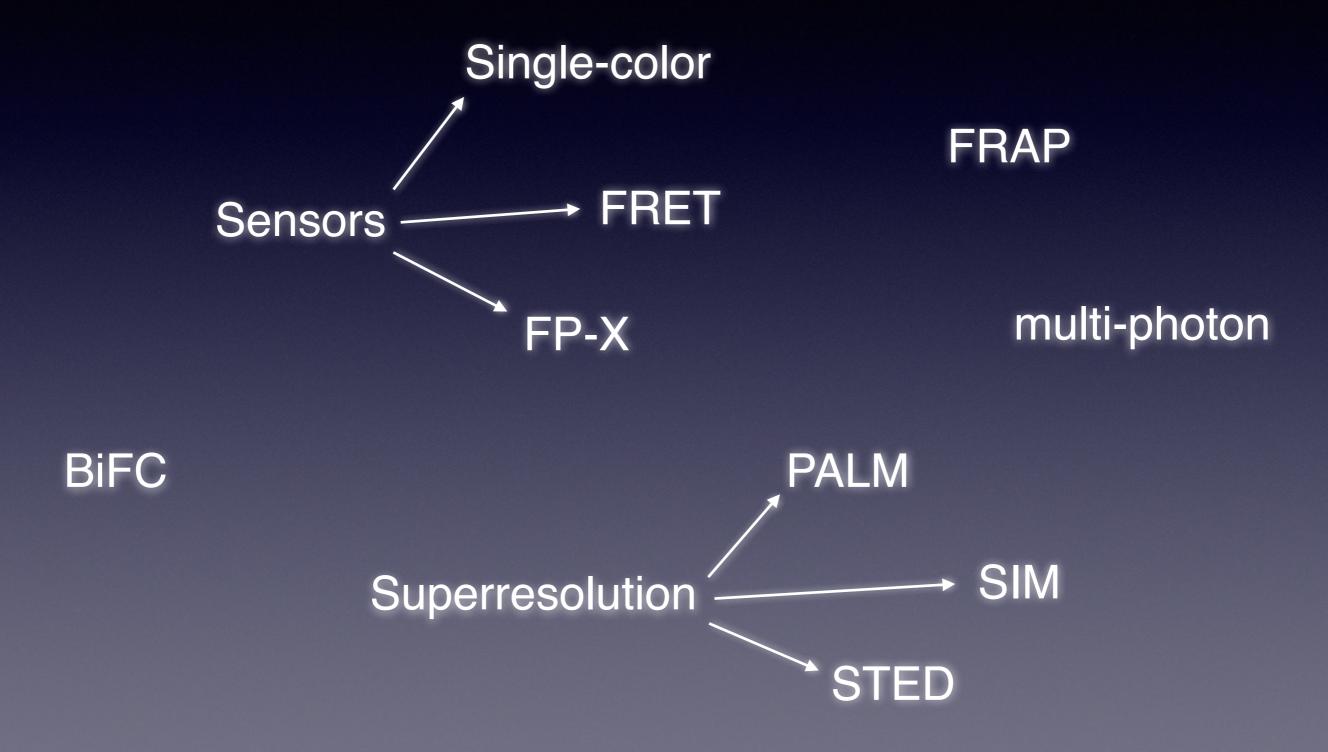
### Photostability

Beware when comparing photostability data!



Scale half-time to initial light output!

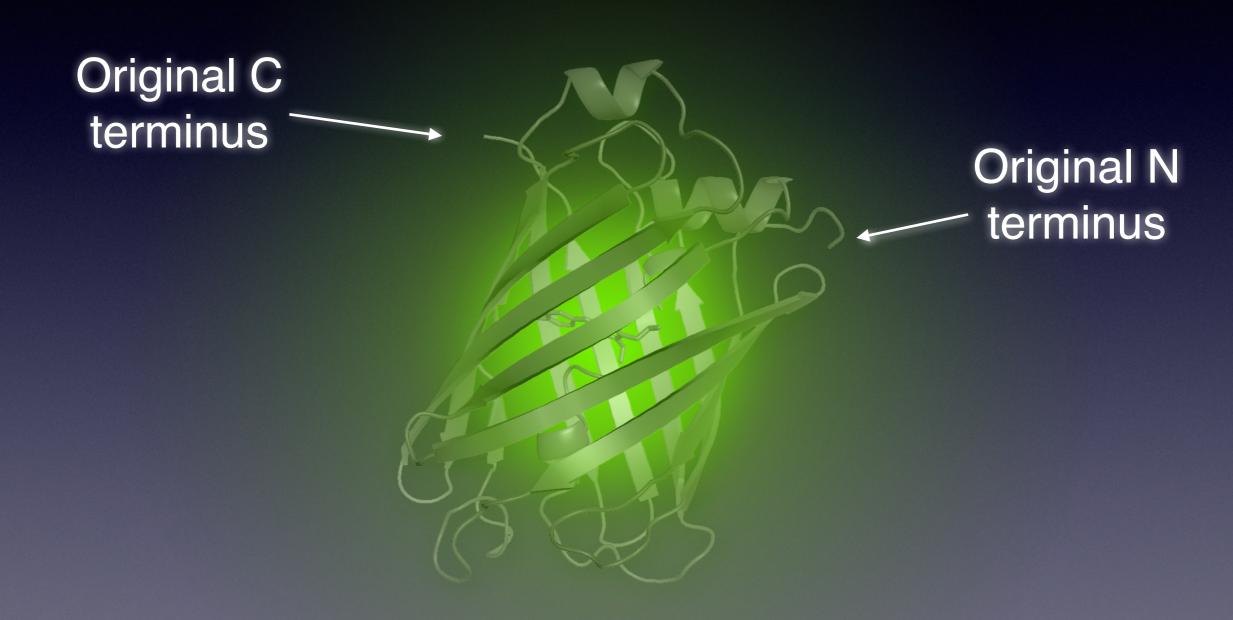
### Advanced applications



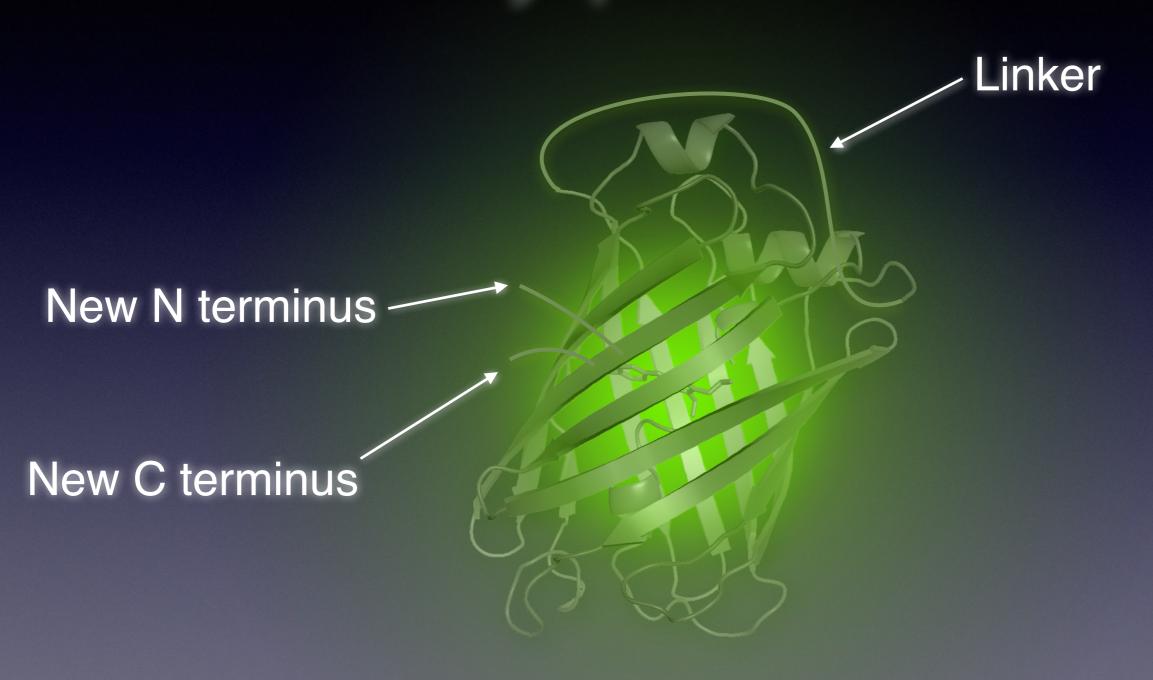
#### Genetically-encoded sensors

Making a new sensor is not easy!

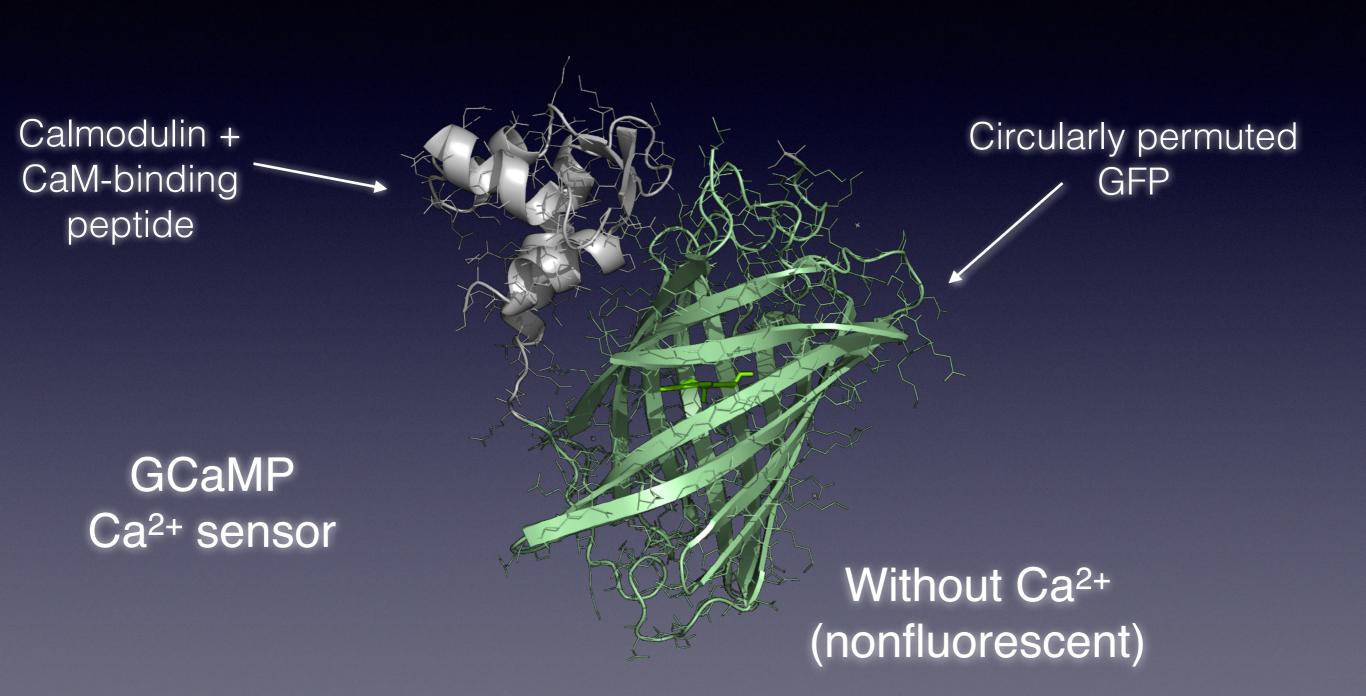
# Circularly permuted FPs



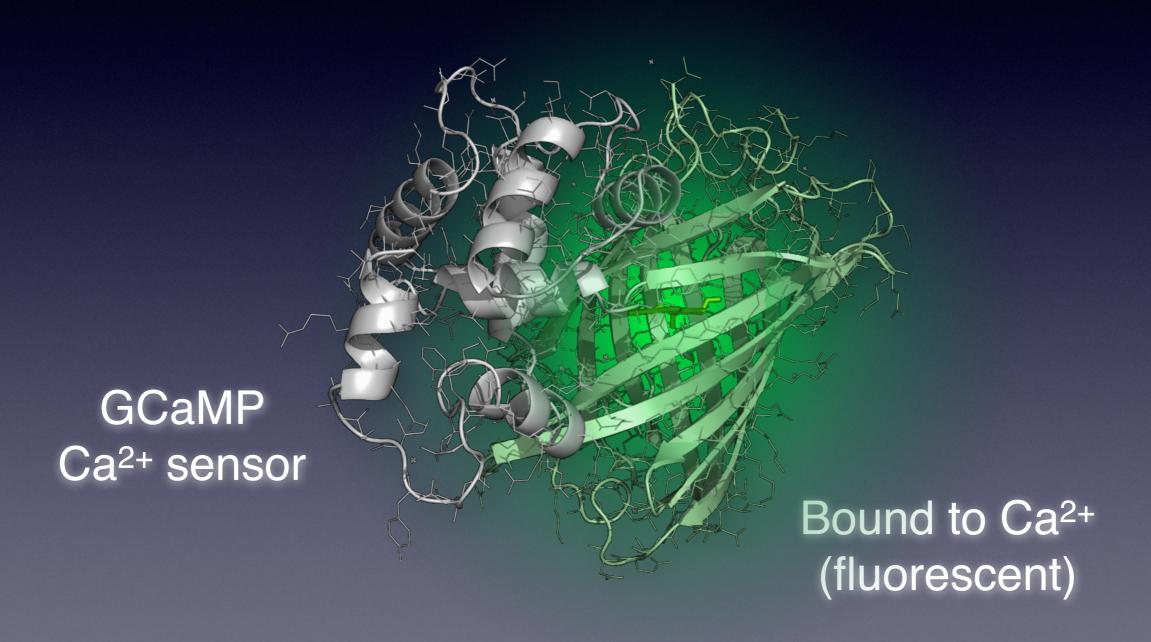
## Circularly permuted FPs



## Single-color FP sensors

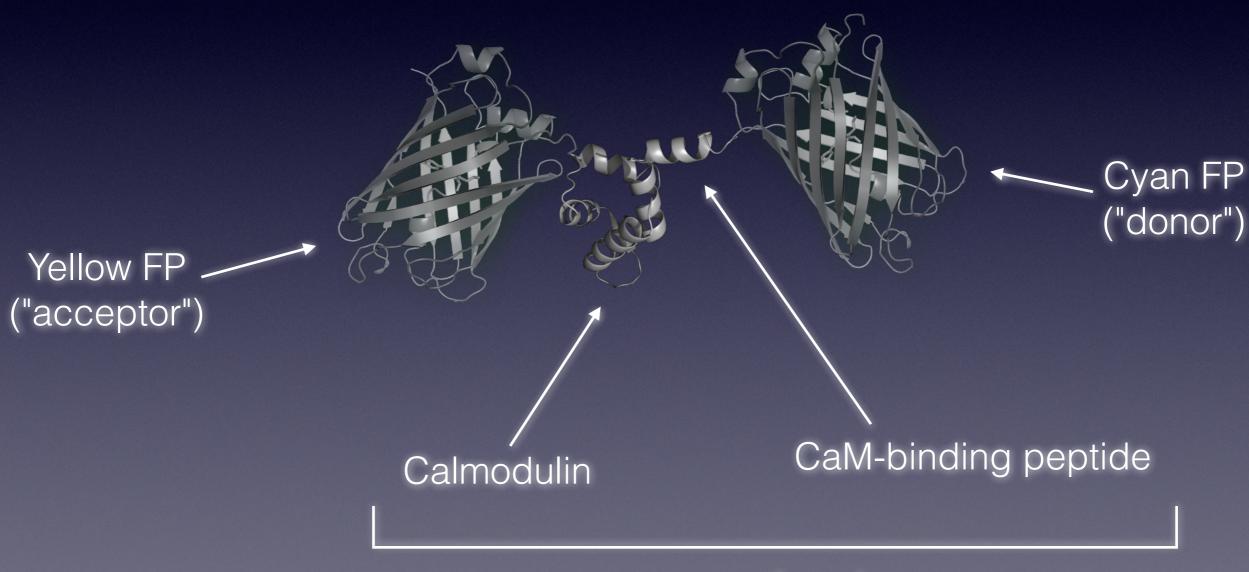


### Single-color FP sensors

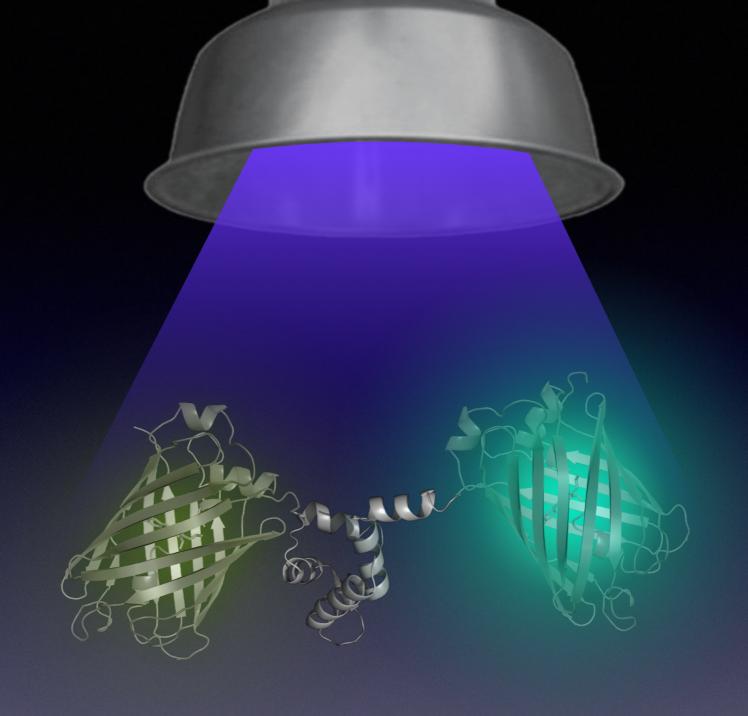


#### FRET

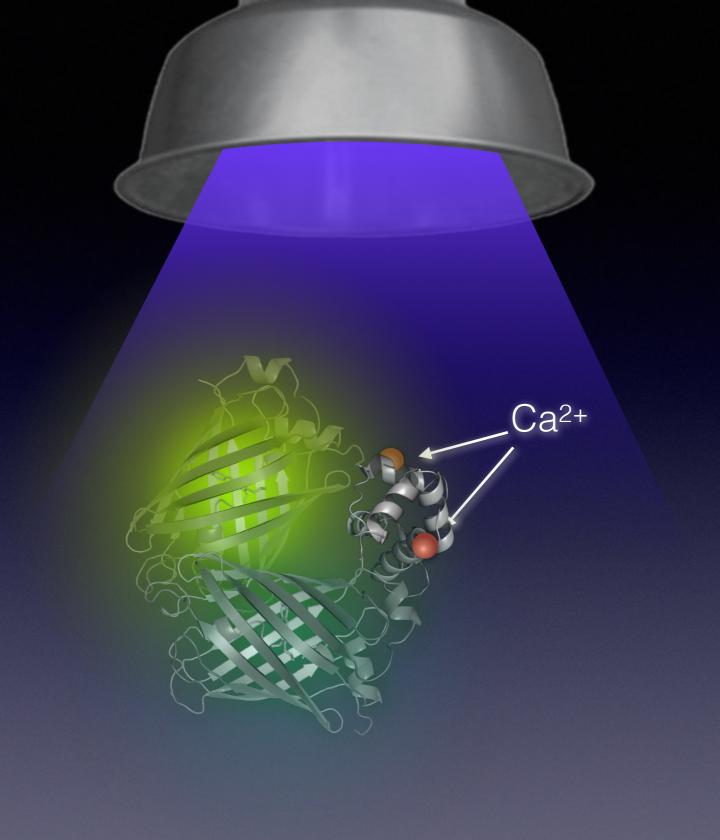
(Fluorescence/Förster Resonance Energy Transfer)



sensor domain



Mostly cyan (donor) emission

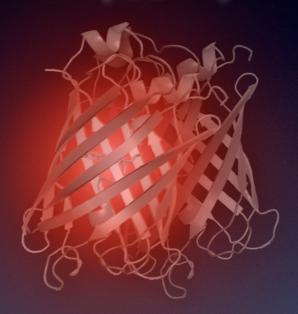


Mostly yellow (acceptor) emission

#### FP-X

(Fluorescent protein exchange)

RA (red 'A')



GA (green 'A')



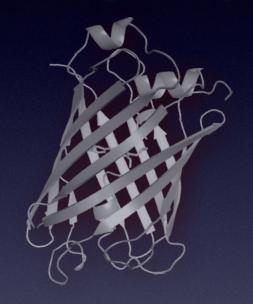
B (non-fluorescent partner)

 $K_d \sim 40 \, \mu M$ 

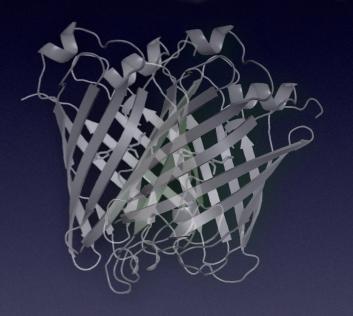
Heterodimerization-dependent fluorescence

#### FP-X

RA (red 'A')



GA (green 'A')

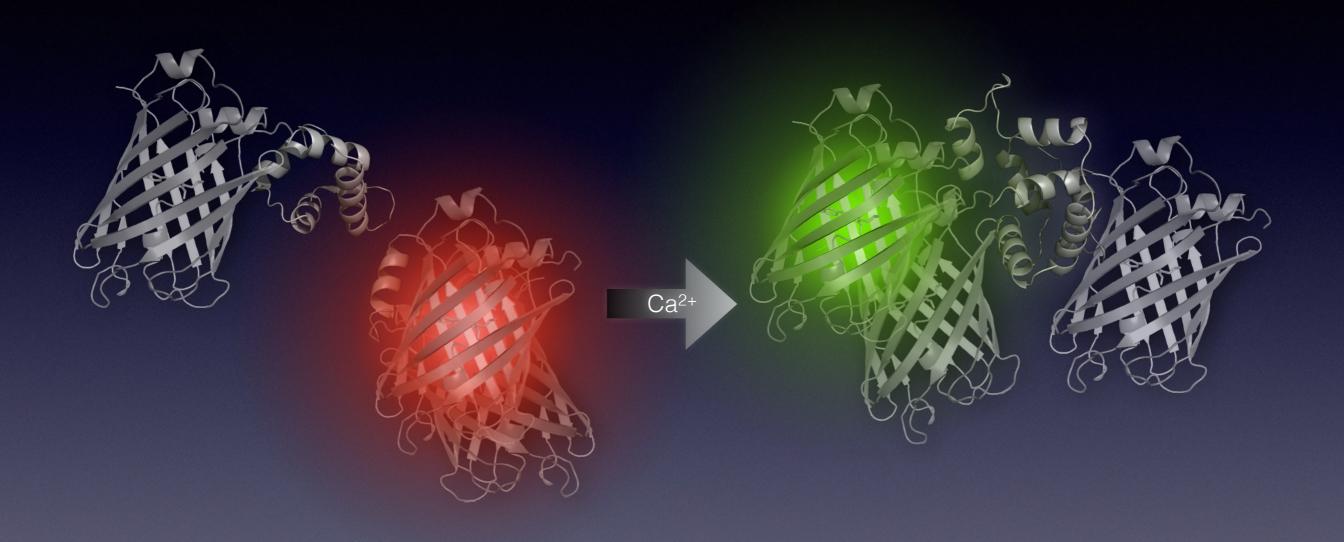


B (non-fluorescent partner)

 $K_d \sim 40 \, \mu M$ 

Heterodimerization-dependent fluorescence

#### FP-X



Heterodimerization-dependent fluorescence